

Guarantees of origin and disclosure

Contributing to a better deal for consumers

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Consumer protection and information

Two core elements to consumer information requirements

Electricity suppliers are required to disclose their energy mix in the energy bills of consumers

- Member States must ensure that the system of disclosure is reliable
- Set out in the Internal Market for Electricity Directive (2009/72/EC)

EU instrument for renewable energy mix disclosure to consumers - the guarantee of origin (GO)

- GO may be used for energy mix disclosure requirements, but not compulsory
- Tradable and transferable between Member States
- Requirements are in the Renewable Energy Directive (2009/28/EC)



Implementation of the GO system

Differences in approach in the ways Member States implement the system

- Reflecting the flexibilities in the legislation Good practice emerging
 - Development of the European Energy Certificate System (EECS) and CEN standard for implementation of electronic GO systems
 - EU supported research RE-DISS project I and II
 - CEER advice on disclosure
 - Member State discussions on implementation (Concerted Action)



The way forward

Energy Union is supportive of informed consumers and engagement in the energy transition

Questions arising

- Does the GO system need improving?
- Is further harmonisation desirable?
- Should they be the sole instrument for tracking renewables within disclosure systems?
- Should GOs have a broader scope applying to other energy sources?

Opportunity to revisit the GO system with the post 2020 legal framework