

ERGEG's approach to the 10-year network development plan

Recent regulatory developments

Preliminary results of the consultation on ERGEG recommendations

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Overview of the ERGEG process

- ERGEG work started in 2008, in parallel with GTE+
 - Preparation of the implementation of the third package
 - Cross benefits of ERGEG and GTE+ works
- ERGEG recommendations published in March 2009
- Public consultation
 - Online consultation from 25 March to 29 May 2009
 - 1st ERGEG workshop on 29 April 2009
- Publication of an evaluation of comments paper by ERGEG in November 2009
- Revised recommendations in the beginning of 2010



A changing regulatory context

- Third legislative Package: published in the OJEU on 14 August, 2009
- Security of Supply regulation: Proposal by the EC published in July 2009 under discussion
- Notification of investment projects in energy infrastructure: Proposal for a Regulation published in July 2009
- The 10 YNDP is created within the 3rd package but will be influenced by or will cover part of the new projects of regulation



Regulatory developments

3rd Package – ACER and Gas Regulations

Community wide 10 year network development plan (EU 10 YNDP)

- •The **ENTSOG** shall adopt and publish a EU 10 YNDP every 2 years (Art. 8 Gas Regulation)
- •The ENTSOG shall conduct an **extensive consultation process**, at an early stage, involving all relevant market participants (Art. 10 Gas Regulation)
- •The EU 10 YNDP shall include the **modeling** of the integrated network, scenario development, a European supply and adequacy report and an assessment of the resilience of the system (Art. 8 Gas Regulation)
- •The **Agency** shall **provide an opinion** on the EU 10 YNDP and monitor its implementation (Art. 6 ACER Regulation)
- •The **Agency** shall review "national ten year network development plans" to assess their consistency with the EU 10 YNDP (Art. 8 Gas Regulation)

Regional Investment plans

- •TSOs shall publish a regional investment plan every 2 years, and may take investment decisions based on that regional investment plan (Art. 12 Gas Regulation)
 - Multiannual investment plans?
 - Perimeter of the region?



Regulatory developments

3rd Package – Gas Directive

Individual TSOs 10 YNDP

- The obligations of the TSOs vary according to the unbundling model chosen by the Member State
- The ISO has to comply with a 10 YNDP monitored by the NRA (Art. 14, Gas Directive)
- ITO: NRA has to consult the users, examine consistency with the EU 10 YNDP and may require amendments. NRA can take measures to ensure the realization of an investment Focus on three years ahead (Art. 22 Gas directive)
- NRA monitors investment plans of the TSOs and provide an assessment as regards to their consistency with the EU 10 YNDP (Art. 41 Gas directive)



Need to analyze the relation between these investment plans



New projects of regulation

SoS & investment notification

- EC Proposal on the notification of investment projects
 - Notification by Member States to the EC of data and information on investment projects - reporting every 2 years
 - No duplication of requests exemption in cases where a "specific body is entrusted with the preparation of a multi-annual investment plan in energy infrastructure at Community level" specific body shall notify all relevant data to the EC
 - Concerning gas, the 10YNDP will largely cover the regulation's scope
- EC proposal of Security of Gas Supply Regulation
 - Supply standards: supply for protected consumers guaranteed for 60 days according to the 1 out of 20 rule
 - Infrastructure standards: N-1 rule, reverse flows at all the IPs
 - Risk assessment based on scenarios
 - Infrastructure & supply standards will feed the 10YNDP; synergies concerning risk assessment



Recent regulatory developments a key role for the 10 YNDP

3rd Package

Infrastructure development related to the single market **Prospective**

EU 10 YNDP

- Scenarios and simulations
- Assessment of existing infrastructures & projects
- Monitoring report

Investment notification

Monitoring and reporting

SoS Regulation

Infrastructure standards for crisis management

Risk mitigation



ERGEG Public consultation

- ERGEG recommendations on EU-10 year network development plan issued on 25 March 2009
- 22 responses received published on http://www.energy-regulators.eu/
 - 13 shippers (Centrica, E.ON, EDF, EDISON, EnBW, ENI Gas & Power, Iberdrola, RWE, Scottish and Southern Energy, Shell Energy Europe, StatoilHydro, Yara and one confidential)
 - 8 associations (Bdew, EFET, Energy Networks Association, Eurelectric, Eurogas, GEODE, OGP & UPRIGAZ)
 - 1 TSO association: GTE



ERGEG's approach to the 10 YNDP

- Objectives of the 10 year network development plan
 - Shared vision of the European gas dynamics to all stakeholders: tool for transparency
 - Regularly updated and reliable information of market needs and dynamics
 - Identification of bottlenecks and investment gaps: tool to improve competition and security of supply
- Status of the plan
 - Built on assumptions and scenarios for supply/demand regarding the future evolution of the European network
 - Simulations of disruptions using a model of the integrated network
 - Include a monitoring report to identify deviations from the precedent plan update on potential delays
- Methodology: Combine top down and bottom up approaches
 - Top down approach: developing a European perspective
 - Bottom up: use national data to build a European picture



Evaluation of Comments

Preliminary results

Scope

- The EU 10 YNDP should reflect the evidence of improved cooperation and coordination between TSOs and between NRAs
- The EU 10 YNDP has to recognize the difference between projects that have reached a FID and other projects, which have to be included for information.
- Almost all respondents in favour of a monitoring report

On the methodology

- Broad agreement on the combination of top down and bottom up approaches
- Need to provide sufficient flexibility for ENTSOG in the development of the EU 10 YNDP – to revise the methodology, contents, scope, scenarios...
- Assumptions should be clearly stated and agreed upon between stakeholders, Agency and ENTSOG
- Need for harmonising planning assumptions between Member States for the scenarios



Evaluation of Comments

Preliminary results

- Consultation and involvement of stakeholders
 - Better balance between the consultations at European and national levels
 - Clear involvement of the users in the EU 10 YNDP, for instance through the Madrid Forum
- On Security of supply
 - Most respondents consider that the EU 10 YNDP will be beneficial to Security
 of Supply
 - Need for a coordination between the Gas Coordination Group and ENTSOG to provide a clear picture of the consequences of supply disruptions and the system's resilience



Preliminary ERGEG views

- On the need to provide more flexibility: ERGEG is aware that the
 preparation of the EU 10 YNDP is a "learning by doing" process need
 to find an appropriate level between prescriptiveness and flexibility
- Distribution of tasks: ENTSOG does not only relate to the so-called organisation, but include its members as contributors to develop the EU 10 YNDP
- Compatibility of data included in the individual TSOs plans
- Information expected from the EU 10 YNDP: It does not formally aim at influencing market dynamics – ERGEG recognises that arbitrating between infrastructure projects could be difficult for ENTSOG
- On security of supply: Not the only element at stake for assessing the need for new infrastructure but has to be addressed – The plan will contribute to identify the investments required for coping with supply disruptions according to network simulations.



Preliminary ERGEG views

- On the scope: Include LNG and storage facilities (projects having an impact on cross border gas flows) Focus on congestion at cross border points and on internal bottlenecks having a cross border impact Keep out of scope investments and production plans of non-EU countries.
- On the methodology: should not be too heavy the bulk of data should be gathered at a national level (bottom up) – homogenisation of data and review of their coherence at an EU level (top down)
 - ➤ Harmonisation of the assumptions and definitions when possible assumptions on peak day and severe winter conditions should be published
 - > ENTSOG is not is a position to identify priority projects or assess their probability of realisation
- On the obligation to provide data: ERGEG is keen on giving priority to voluntary processes but if such an approach appears to be inefficient, an obligation might be necessary – Some information might be kept confidential



Preliminary ERGEG views

- On scenarios: Select a small number of scenarios including one based on national forecasts and others on Community wide models
- On the modelling: the model should be developed by ENTSOG in consultation with stakeholders and consistently with the GCG.
- Consultation procedure: Stakeholders should be consulted on the data collected and harmonised by ENTSOG. Regular workshops should be organised during the drafting process (as GTE+ workshops).



Conclusions & way forward

ERGEG welcomes respondents proposals

- Broad support from the market
- Better vision of challenges and constraints
- Better understanding of the future role of the 10YNDP

Keep a pragmatic and flexible approach

- Learning by doing process
- Avoid being too prescriptive about methodology from now
- Be careful about the impact on the market
- Focus on the objectives of the 10 YNDP and stakeholders' duties

Way forward

- Evaluation of comments: to be published in November 2009
- Revised ERGEG recommendations: objective is to present them at the next Madrid Forum
- Cooperation between ERGEG and GTE+





Thank you!