



14 September 2020 13:30 – 15:00 CET



Welcome by Christian Zinglersen, ACER Director

Agenda

- Key messages
- Recommendations and reactions
- Q&A session
- Conclusion

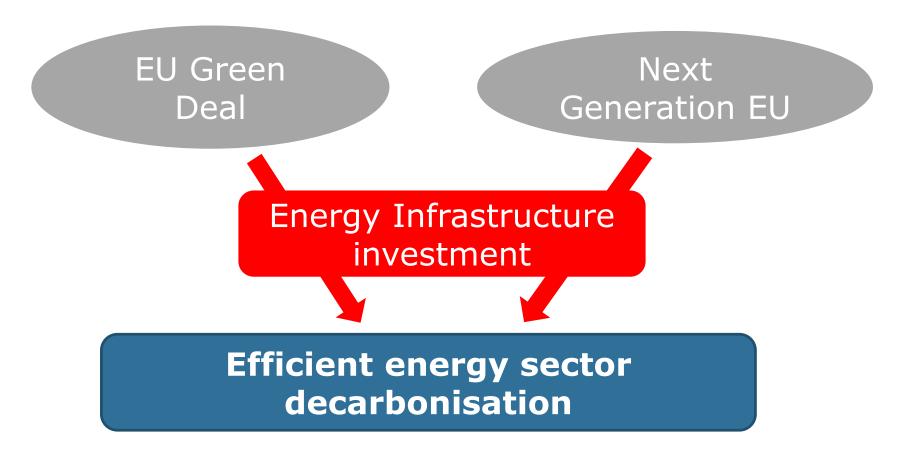






Importance of getting TEN-E right





"... Without robust policy action, the energy system of 2030 will be more akin to that of 2020 than a reflection of what is needed to achieve climate neutrality by 2050."

EU Energy System Integration Strategy, page 2





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TEN-E Review and the Green Deal

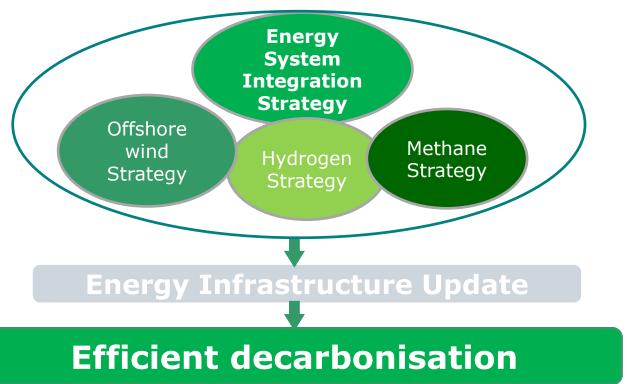


Infrastructure is key for CEER...and ACER CEER involved in CEP process (2017) with unchanged Priorities:

- Develop interconnection based on costs and benefits
- Facilitate improvements in planning
- Coherent cost allocation between CEF and CBCA

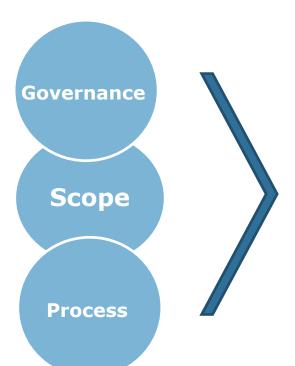
CEER advocacy looking ahead at EU Strategies (Hybrid Offshore Grid; sustainability criteria; PCI status of Hydrogen infrastructure...etc.)

50 shades of GREEN...DEAL









18 proposed improvements in 3 areas

- Infrastructure governance (4)
- Scope of PCIs (4)
- TEN-E processes (10)

- Identify and unlock projects with a clear value = CBA at core
- Simplify processes and improve/clarify governance
- Integrate Green Deal principles





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The Experience gained



TEN-E an important step towards better coordination but still room for improvement

7 years of implementation

Repeated delays and concerns raised over scenario development

Limited applications of cost benefit analyses

ACER and NRAs inputs not sufficiently taken into account

Limited developments with smart grids PCIs (no methodology)

Few proposal and decisions on risk-related incentives



Key selected messages



- The way in which TYNDP scenarios are designed must improve
- The distribution of responsibilities and prerogatives must evolve to give greater weight the regulators (ACER/NRAs)
- The PCI selection process should be improved by expanding the sustainability dimension, particularly in the gas CBA methodology

Recommendations and reactions Area 1: Improving infrastructure development governance

Christine Materazzi-Wagner,
ACER-CEER Electricity Working Group Chair







Improving Infrastructure Governance



Legislation

		3 rd Package and CEP in general	Infrastr. related, e.g. TEN-E Reg.
Scope	National	OrdinancesDecisionsApprovals	 Depends on unbundling status Depends on national implementation
	EU	Binding guidelinesApprovalsAmendments	Non-binding opinionsRecommendations

Strengthening the role of ACER and NRAs concerning infrastructure development would ensure neutral, consistent, robust and efficient decision making.



Scenarios should be developed jointly and in a neutral way



STATUS QUO

Sole basis for the process

Developed by ENTSOs

ACER nonbinding guidance

PROBLEM

Conflict of interest

No regulatory approval

Lack of transparency and stakeholder engagement

PROPOSAL

Scenarios, developed in a neutral way

Joint and balanced scenarios

Binding guidelines

Area 1: Infrastructure Scenario Development



ACER should have stronger mandate on methodologies for the CBA



STATUS QUO

PROBLEM

PROPOSAL

Cornerstone for

- Project evaluation
- PCI selection
- CBCA decision

ACER nonbinding opinion Non-monetised / non-quantified benefits

Methodological robustness

Lack of consistency

ACER binding guideline

ACER approval and amendments

Area 2: Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)



ACER should have scrutiny on Ten Year Network Development Plans



STATUS QUO

Basis for European infrastructure planning

ACER nonbinding opinion on TYNDP

PROBLEM

Recommendations often not taken into account

Inconsistencies

Lack of transparency

PROPOSAL

ACER binding guideline

ACER approval and amendment requests

Area 3: Ten Year Network Development Plan (TYNDP)



Consistency with TYNDP and scrutiny of NDP should be strengthened



STATUS QUO

NRA obligation to consult, monitor and scrutinise NDPs

ACER nonbinding opinion on NDP/TYNDP consistency

PROBLEM

NRA scrutiny depends on unbundling status of TSO

Different national implementation

Lack of consistency

PROPOSAL

Mandatory NDP in each MS

Single NDP per sector

NRA approval and amendments

Automatic project inclusions

Area 4: National Development Plans (NDPs)

Recommendations and reactions Area 2: Principles for PCI scope

Benoît Esnault, CEER Gas Working Group Vice Chair







Revised energy infrastructure categories



STATUS QUO

TYNDP process structured around TSOs

PCIs mainly on regulated investments

Cross-sectoral projects not envisaged explicitly

PROBLEM

Can lead to discrimination and distortions

Elec. storage projects have received limited attention

Energy System
Decarbonisation
not being well
addressed

PROPOSAL

Treat PCIs equally

Envisage "crosssectoral projects" category

Separate energy storage projects from the assessment of elec. transmission investments

Area 5: Sector-coupling projects & simplicity



Bring all TEN-E groups to a European dimension



STATUS QUO

PCI selection progressively harmonised across the regional groups and sectors

EU-wide groups:

- + electricity transmission
- & storage infrastructure
- + gas infrastructures
- + electricity highways
- + electricity smart grids
- + carbon dioxide networks + oil

PROBLEM

There is room to:
Serve the
resource
efficiency and
transparency,
and improve the
process results
&

Better address Energy System Decarbonisation

PROPOSAL

Bring the groups to an European dimension

New EU-wide groups:

- electricity transmission investments;
- + electricity smart grids;
- + gas investments;
- + carbon dioxide and hydrogen networks;
- + energy storage investments;
- + if deemed appropriate, cross sectoral investments

Area 6: TEN-E groups



Considerations on small-scale projects



STATUS QUO

TEN-E
Regulation as an instrument to deal with transEuropean energy networks

PROBLEM

Need for better coordinating transmission and distribution in a decentralised & decarbonised energy system

PCI process is not the most appropriate tool to address smallscale projects

PROPOSAL

Evaluate NDPs for gas DSOs and an EU DSO entity for gas

PCIs should remain manageable

Keep current concept of significant cross-border impact of PCIs

Area 7: Small-scale projects



Improving the criterion of significant crossborder impact of a PCI



STATUS QUO

PCIs must either be an interconnector or have a "significant cross-border Impact

PROBLEM

Different requirements for electricity and gas PCI projects

Some aspects remain subject to interpretation

PROPOSAL

Replace "crossborder" definition by "cross-zonal" (bidding zones & entry-exit zones)

Improve the current criteria to identify objectively the significant crossborder impact of a project

Area 8: PCI impact on cross-border

Recommendations and reactions Area 3: Improving TEN-E processes

Dennis Hesseling, ACER Head of Gas Department







Sustainability should be central



STATUS QUO

TEN-E includes sustainability as one of the criteria, both for electricity and gas

CEF grants for works do not include explicit sustainability requirement

PROBLEM

Gas projects
could be
selected which
are not
sustainable

CEF grants for works could be given to projects which are not sustainable

PROPOSAL

Gas projects need significant contribution to sustainability to be eligible

Explicit
sustainability
requirement for
CEF grants for
works

Area 9: Sustainability



Regulatory oversight needs to be improved



STATUS QUO

Limited transparency and information requirements

TSOs driving process

CBCA – CEF one-way process

PROBLEM

Limited public visibility and scrutiny of project fundamentals

No explicit powers for NRAs to reject proposal

CBCA can depend on CEF

PROPOSAL

Make
fundamental
project
information (e.g.
cost) publicly
available

Give NRAs explicit powers to reject project

Allow revision of CBCA after CEF

Area 10: Oversight and transparency



Align reporting requirements to actual needs



STATUS QUO

Annual PCI report

One-off Unit Investment Cost report

PROBLEM

PCI report in first year of PCI list adds limited value

No explicit legal basis to require information to update UIC report

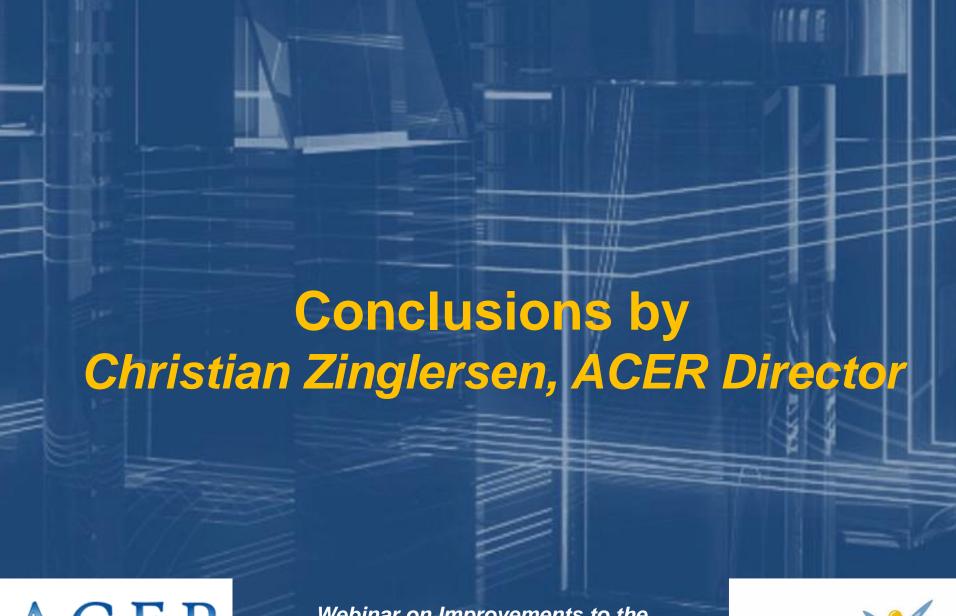
PROPOSAL

Make PCI report obligatory once every 2 years

Make UIC report obligatory once every few years

Area 11: Reporting







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