

# Regulatory Aspects of Smart Metering here: CBA and Rollout

Ines Handrack Hearing on Smart Metering GGP Brussels, 8th of October



### 14. CBA

The 3rd Package: economical assessment could be made by Member States before rolling out smart meters.

Part of this assessment could be a Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA).

If assessed positively, a roll-out should be carried out.

The range of potential benefits from smart metering <u>for customers</u> can be extensive. The benefits for customers depend on the level of services that the customers can use; this in turn depends on the functionalities of the smart metering systems.

Apart from these customer benefits a CBA should also take into account an <u>extensive value chain</u>, covering DSOs, suppliers, metering operators, generators, etc. and a CBA should also take into account the costs involved regarding metering data security.



## 15./16. Rollout

#### **Recommendation 15: All customers should benefit from smart metering**

- 1) If CBA brings a positive assessment
- 2) If there is a decision for rollout
- $\rightarrow$  <u>all customers</u> should be able to benefit from services.

all customers should be eligible to obtain a smart meter  $\rightarrow$  to <u>be able to benefit</u> from the services developed through smart metering  $\rightarrow$  to <u>enable</u> customers to <u>become</u> <u>active on the energy market</u>.

**Recommendation 16: No discrimination when rolling out smart meters** Member States should <u>avoid discriminatory behavior</u> by the party responsible for the roll-out.

<u>Avoiding additional costs</u> for the customers by paying attention to the <u>timing</u> of the actual metering installation in different regions.



### Thank you for your attention!

### www.energy-regulators.eu