

Demand Response in Smart Grids

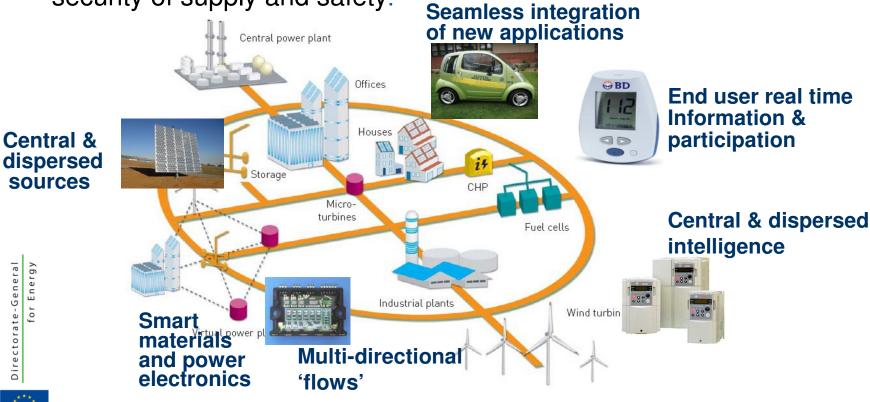
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CEER Advice on the take-off of a demand response electricity market with smart meters Brussels, 11 February 2011

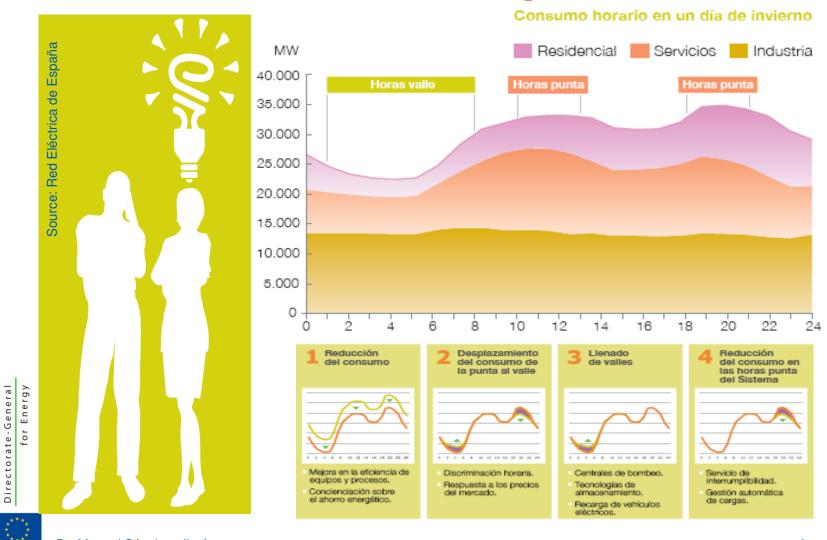


Smart Grids

A Smart Grid is an electricity network that can cost efficiently integrate the behaviour and actions of **all users** connected to it - generators, consumers and those that do both – in order to ensure efficient, sustainable power system with low losses and high levels of quality and security of supply and safety.



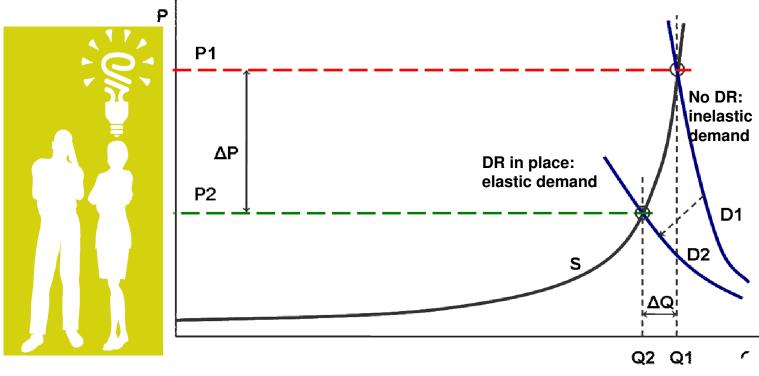
Demand Side Response



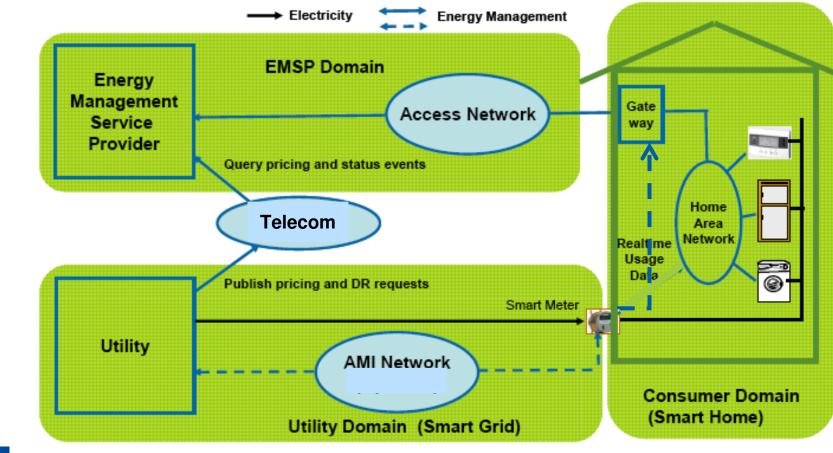
Demand Side Response

Changes in electric usage by end-use customers from their normal consumption patterns in response to changes in the price of electricity over time, or to incentive payments designed to induce lower electricity use at times of high wholesale market prices or when system reliability is

jeopardized.



"Smart Grids" and HAN in open energy management architecture



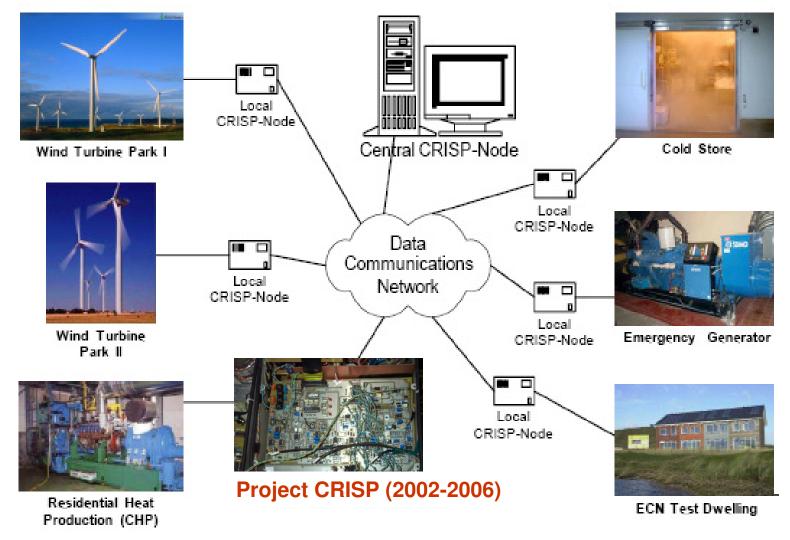
Smart Grid Vision



Directorate-General

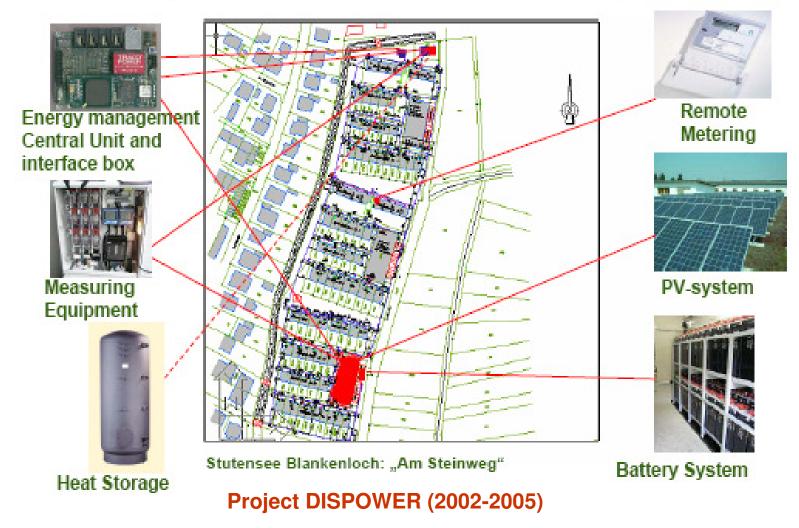


First experiences in Europe



Directorate-C

First experiences in Europe



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Demand Side Response

Key topics to achieve Demand Response

Information

- Knowledge of the consumption path
- Dissemination of good practices

2. Prices

- Dynamic prices (ToU)
- Information on actual costs

3. Automation and innovation

Implementation of automatic Demand Response measures (e.g. intelligent agents, intelligent control systems, etc)

4. Regulation

Regulatory framework to enhance energy efficiency, integration of DER and create a win-win situation





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http://ec.europa.eu/energy/gas_electricity/s martgrids/taskforce_en.htm

