

"Effective Regulation and Unbundling"

Co-chaired by Marsha Smith NARUC President and Commissioner, Idaho PUC

Idaho Power Fixed Cost Adjustment

- Decoupling or "true-up" mechanism
- Removed financial disincentive to invest in energy efficiency
- Applied to Residential and Small General Service Customers
- Three Year Pilot beginning January 1, 2007

Calculation:

Allowed Fixed Cost Recovery

- Actual Fixed Cost Recovered
- = Fixed Cost Adjustment (FCA)

Where:

Allowed = actual # of customers * fixed cost per customer

Actual = weather normalized sales per customer class * fixed costs per kWh

Note:

Fixed costs determined By Commission in rate cases

FCA can be positive or negative and has a 3% cap on increases



As of September 2007, FCA Balance is \$1.7 million deficit – Idaho Power will have to repay customers

Still a DSM incentive – encourages the utility to work harder on energy efficiency programs to move toward a positive balance.

Unbundling in the United States

- Legal Standard under U.S. law is focused on Public Interest –
 Pragmatic
 Outcome-oriented
- Unbundling is one of the tools to serve the Public Interest –

Practices that support market liberalization (competition), reallocate risk between shareholders and consumers, provide incentives for specific types of utility decisions, and support energy efficiency practices (such as the Idaho Fixed Cost Adjustment)

Unbundling in the United States

- U. S. did <u>not</u> implement "ownership unbunding" at the Federal level
- Many state laws and regulations directed disaggregation of generation from delivery
- Such separation was both structural (generation sold to unaffiliated third party) and functional (generation sold to corporate affiliate; transmission assigned to third-party RTO)
- Process and success of outcome remain very controversial



The Evolution of WIRAB

Western Interconnection Regional Advisory Body

Timeline (1)

1996

1997

1998

1999

2000

2001

Events

Western Blackouts

RMS development

First federal bill

2000-2001 Western Electricity Crisis **Actions of Western Governors**

WGA resolution 97-03

WGA resolution 00-09

2/01 Energy Summit

WGA resolution 01-01

9/01 testimony to DOE

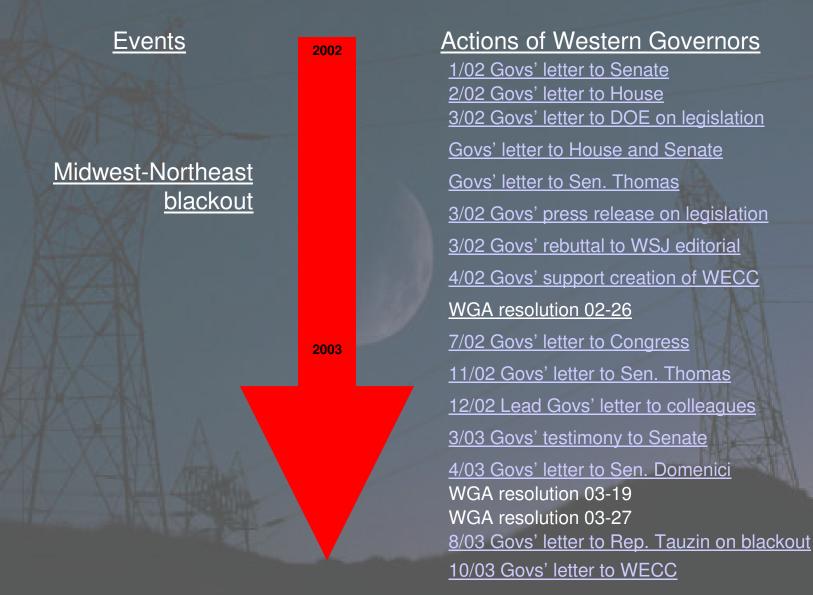
10/01 Govs' letter to Vice President

10/01 Govs' letter to House

11/01 Govs' statement to FERC

12/01 Govs' letter to House

Timeline (2)



Timeline (3)

2005

2006

Events

EPAct enacted

WIEB Board amends bylaws to enable creation of WIRAB

FERC approves WIRAB

Actions of Western Governors

6/05 WGA resolution

11/05 Govs' resolution to establish WIRAB
12/05 Statement to FERC on ERO

Governors create WIRAB

3/06 Govs' request to FERC on RAB funding

5/06 Govs' statement to Sen. Energy Com. on 215 implementation

12/06 Govs' letter to FERC on RCs

Western Interstate Energy Board

Western Governors' Association Western Interstate Nuclear Board

Established by interstate compact ratified by P.L.91-461; members appointed by Governors of signatory states

Western Conference of Public Service Commissions

Western Interstate Energy Board

Members appointed by Governors of AZ, CA, CO, ID, MT, NE, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY, plus provincial representatives from AB, BC, SK

- •Serves as the energy arm of the Western Governors' Association
- Current focus on:
 - •Opportunities for collaboration among western states/provinces in climate change
 - •Implementation of CDEi wind and transmission recommendations
- Web site http://www.westgov.org/wieb

Committee on Regional Electric Power Cooperation (CREPC)

- •Joint Committee of WIEB and WCPSCs
- •All energy and regulatory agencies in the states/provinces in Western Interconnection
- Web site

High-Level Radioactive Waste Committee Coal Mine Reclamation Committee

Western Interconnection Regional Advisory Body (WIRAB)

- Governors from AZ, CA, CO, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY created pursuant to Section215(j) of the Federal Power Act.
- Appointees by Governors / Premiers from AZ, AB, BC, CA, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, SD, UT, WA, WY. Most recently Mexico.
- Outstanding invitations to NE and TX
- Web site

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

North American Electric Reliability Corporation

Western Electricity Coordinating Council





Provide advice on Standards, Fees, and Governance to:

- FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
- NERC North American Electric Reliability Corporation
- WECC Western Electricity Coordinating Council



Advice Criteria: "Just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, and in the public interest."

FERC may give deference to WIRAB advice because it is an advisory body organized on an interconnection-wide basis.

WIRAB Advice

- Support timely implementation of new standards Regional Entities should be given enforcement flexibility
- FERC should approve regional standards that go beyond NERC standards
- Reliability Centers are a core element in maintaining grid reliability
- WECC-NERC Delegation Agreement should achieve what was intended by Congress in Section 215
- NERC and WECC activities should promote transparency
- Standards should have an economic justification

Introduction of Panel Discussion

This morning's program will discuss:

- The legal underpinnings of regulatory policy in the U.S. (State and Federal) and the European Commission legislative proposal
- The role of the independent regulator in advancing the Public Interest
- The organization of wholesale electricity markets through Regional Transmission Organizations (RTOs)